Accuracy and Process Orders

Finishes

Finishes are used to improve the **aesthetics** and **durability** of products

Material Type	Finishes Used
Papers and Boards	 Paints Varnishes Laminating Plastic coating Wax coating
Timbers and Boards	PaintsVarnishesWax and PolishStainingOil
Metals and Alloys	 Painting Lacquering Electroplating Galvanzing Polishing Plastic Coating Powder Coating
Plastics	PolishingPaintingDecals (stickers)

Standard Components

Standard components are parts or components manufactured in the 1000s+ They are readily available, don't require specialist knowledge or tools to replace them and are universally recognised

Material Type	Components used
Papers and Boards	StaplesClipsSplit pins
Timbers and Boards	NailsScrewsPanel PinsHinges
Metals and Alloys	Nuts and boltsScrewRivetWasher
Plastics	Plastic hinges

Tolerances

The total amount a specific dimension or property is permitted to vary
This can apply to hole depth, length, angle, thickness, weight and elasticity
A gauge can be inserted into a gap or hole to check if the sizes fall within
tolerance

If parts do not fit within the specified tolerances they are discarded or recycled

Quality Control and Quality Assurance

- QC is *product* oriented
 Quality control is where products are regularly tested (during and after manufacture) to ensure they meet the defined set of quality criteria
- QA is *process* oriented
 Quality assurance is ensuring that the processes used to test the product have
 been done correctly and consistently
 You can test a product all you like, but if the tests are wrong/ inconsistent with
 each other than the results are invalid
- Below are examples of Quality Assurance symbols:



Process Orders

